ERATOSTHENES

International Center for Ancient Geography and its Tradition in the Medieval and Modern Ages University of Perugia, Department of Letters

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ERATOSTHENES promotes and coordinates research projects, conferences and seminars, as well as educational and public information projects.

ERATOSTHENES supports the publication of Geographia Antiqua, Leo S. Olschki, Firenze.

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Proceedings of national and international conferences published in Geographia Antiqua

- 1997 L'idea di Italia. Geografia e storia
- 2000 Geografia e storia ellenistica nell'Asia Minore di Strabone
- 2002 L'Elide e Olimpia
- 2006 La cartografia degli antichi e dei moderni
- 2008-2009-2010 Geografia e politica in Grecia e a Roma (Villa Vigoni)
- 2012 Le périple de Néarque
- 2013 Geografia e storia: antico e moderno/ Geographie und Geschichte: Antik und Modern, Humboldt-Kolleg, Perugia, (in print).



University of Perugia - Department of Letters

Fifth Seminar of **Geographia Antiqua**



Ίστορία περιοδική Construction and deconstruction of ptolemaic cartography

15-16th October 2015



Palazzo Manzoni, Sala delle Adunanze Piazza Morlacchi, Perugia

Thursday, October 15th

h. 9.00

PIETRO JANNI

Tolomeo, uno «sconfitto della storia»?

PASCAL ARNAUD

Il trattamento cartografico del materiale periplografico e dia-plografico da parte di Tolomeo: qualche esempio.

SILVIA PANICHI

L'istmo della penisola anatolica

h. 16.00

KLAUS GEUS

Zur Person und den Quellen des Marinos

PHILIPP SEUBERT

La délimitation du monde arabe d'Eratosthène à Ptolémée

Friday, October 16th

h. 9.00

DIDIER MARCOTTE

Ptolémée ethnographe

ARTHUR HAUSHALTER

L'Ibérie de Ptolémée: géographie mathématique et procédés empiriques

FRANCESCO PRONTERA

Da Strabone a Tolemeo: cartografia generale e regionale

In the history of science, Greco-Roman cartography is identified with ancient astronomy and immediately recalls the work of Eratosthenes and Claudius Ptolemy. His *Guide to Geography* marks the culmination of a long tradition of research, which, in the cultural climate of European humanism, would come to enjoy a new beginning.

Even in its "scientific" expressions, however, ancient geography is marked by the empirical data of politico-military history and by the economic dynamism of Greco-Roman civilization. The disproportion between the elaboration of the theoretical principles of astronomical geography and their applicability has not up to now led to any integrated reflection on the construction process of ancient cartography in a historical perspective. The ongoing controversies over the nature and use of ancient maps are sometimes sterile because they insist on considering – with different or opposing evaluations – the same scarce documentation, to which the so-called "Artemidorus Papyrus" has added nothing significantly new.

The central idea of this Seminar is that ancient history not only broadens geographical horizons but that it also orients their mental and/or cartographic representations. The aim is not to devaluate the relative progress of "scientific" geography from Eratosthenes to Ptolemy, but rather to arrive at a concrete understanding of the interaction between the scarcity of reference points that were fixed thanks to astronomical surveys and the multiplicity of "reference points" selected by practical geography in a topographic, regional and supra-regional dimension.

To *deconstruct Ptolemy's Guide* means to bring to light the historical stratification of the spatial relationships dictated by terrestrial and maritime itineraries; the internal coherence of the mathematical model cannot erase the historico-geographic variables of the material to which Ptolemy applies his procedures.